



1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE.  
Washington, DC 20590

February 8, 2008

In Reply Refer To: HSSD/CC-104

Barry D. Stephens, P.E.  
Sr. Vice President Engineering  
Energy Absorption Systems, Inc.  
3617 Cincinnati Avenue  
Rocklin, CA 95678

Dear Mr. Stephens:

Thank you for your January 3, 2008, letter requesting Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) review and acceptance of a new Trailer Truck-Mounted Attenuator (TMA), called the Vorteq<sup>tm</sup> TMA, for use on the National Highway System (NHS). You requested acceptance at the National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) Report 350 test level 3 (TL-3). To support your request, you supplied a copy of the January 2008 E-TECH Testing Services, Inc. compliance Report No. 320 entitled "NCHRP Report 350 Crash Test Results for the Vorteq<sup>TM</sup> Trailer TMA." The report describes the new Vorteq Trailer TMA as well as the four full-scale crash tests you conducted on this safety device.

### **Introduction**

The FHWA guidance on crash testing of roadside safety hardware is contained in a memorandum dated July 25, 1997, titled "INFORMATION: Identifying Acceptable Highway Safety Features."

The Vorteq Trailer TMA consists of six major assemblies: an Impact Head, Rear Collars, Frame Tubes, X-Brace, Tongue, and Suspension. The TMA is a nominal 6985 mm long by 2340 mm wide by 770 mm tall (22.9' x 7.6' x 2.5'). The 4980 mm (196") long Frame Tubes are the principle energy absorber in the system and are fabricated from 76 mm OD by 3 mm thick (3" x 0.120") ASTM A513 Type 1 HREW (Hot Rolled Electric Welded) low carbon steel tubing. The Frame Tubes absorb the energy of the crash as they tightly curl inward when the Impact Head is forced forward.

### **Testing**

All four NCHRP Report 350 tests for TMAs were conducted: 3-50 and 3-51 (both required) and 3-52 and 3-53 (optional tests). In each of the four tests the support truck was blocked to prevent any roll ahead. The Test Data Summary Sheets from the E-TECH report are enclosed for reference, as is a drawing of the test article.



You noted that there were no TMA design changes during the certification test program; the same design was used in every test. The report shows that there were no fragments or other debris from the TMA that showed potential for penetrating the occupant compartment of either the impacting vehicle or host truck, or of presenting an undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone. The Vorteq TMA did not swing significantly into adjacent traffic lanes during any of the tests. No debris of either the impacting vehicle or TMA ended up forward of the tailgate of the host vehicle. We also noted that the impacted TMA is capable of being safely transported a short distance off the road essentially intact after all test impacts.

### **Findings**

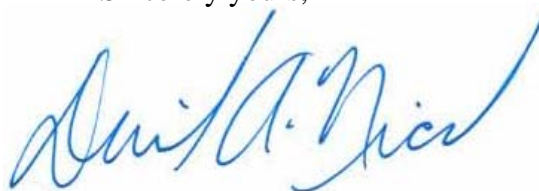
Based upon the successful completion of the aforementioned Report 350 tests, we agree that Energy's Vorteq Trailer TMA meets the NCHRP Report 350 criteria for the specified mandatory Tests 3-50 and 3-51 as well as optional Tests 3-52 and 3-53. The TMA was also restrained from forward and lateral movement in all of these tests, thus there is no upper limit to the weight of the support vehicle to which the Vorteq Trailer TMA can be attached. The system, as described above, may be used on the National Highway System (NHS) when such use is acceptable to the contracting authority.

Please note also that the following provisions apply to FHWA letters of acceptance:

- This acceptance is limited to the crashworthiness characteristics of the device and does not cover its structural features, nor conformity with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.
- Any design changes that may adversely influence the crashworthiness of the device will require a new acceptance letter.
- Should the FHWA discover that the qualification testing was flawed, the in-service performance reveals unacceptable safety problems, or that the device being marketed is significantly different from the version that was crash tested, it reserves the right to modify or revoke its acceptance.
- You will be expected to supply potential users with sufficient information on design and installation requirements to ensure proper performance.
- You will be expected to certify to potential users that the hardware furnished has essentially the same chemistry, mechanical properties, and geometry as that submitted for acceptance, and that it will meet the crashworthiness requirements of NCHRP Report 350.
- To prevent misunderstanding by others, this letter of acceptance, designated as number CC-104, shall not be reproduced except in full. This letter, and test documentation upon which this letter is based, is public information. All such letters and documentation may be reviewed at our office upon request.
- The Vorteq<sup>™</sup> TMA is a patented product and is considered proprietary. If proprietary devices are specified by a highway agency for use on Federal-aid projects, except exempt, non-NHS projects, they: (a) must be supplied through competitive bidding with equally suitable unpatented items; (b) the highway agency must certify that they are essential for synchronization with the existing highway facilities or that no equally suitable alternative exists; or (c) they must be used for research or for a distinctive type of construction on

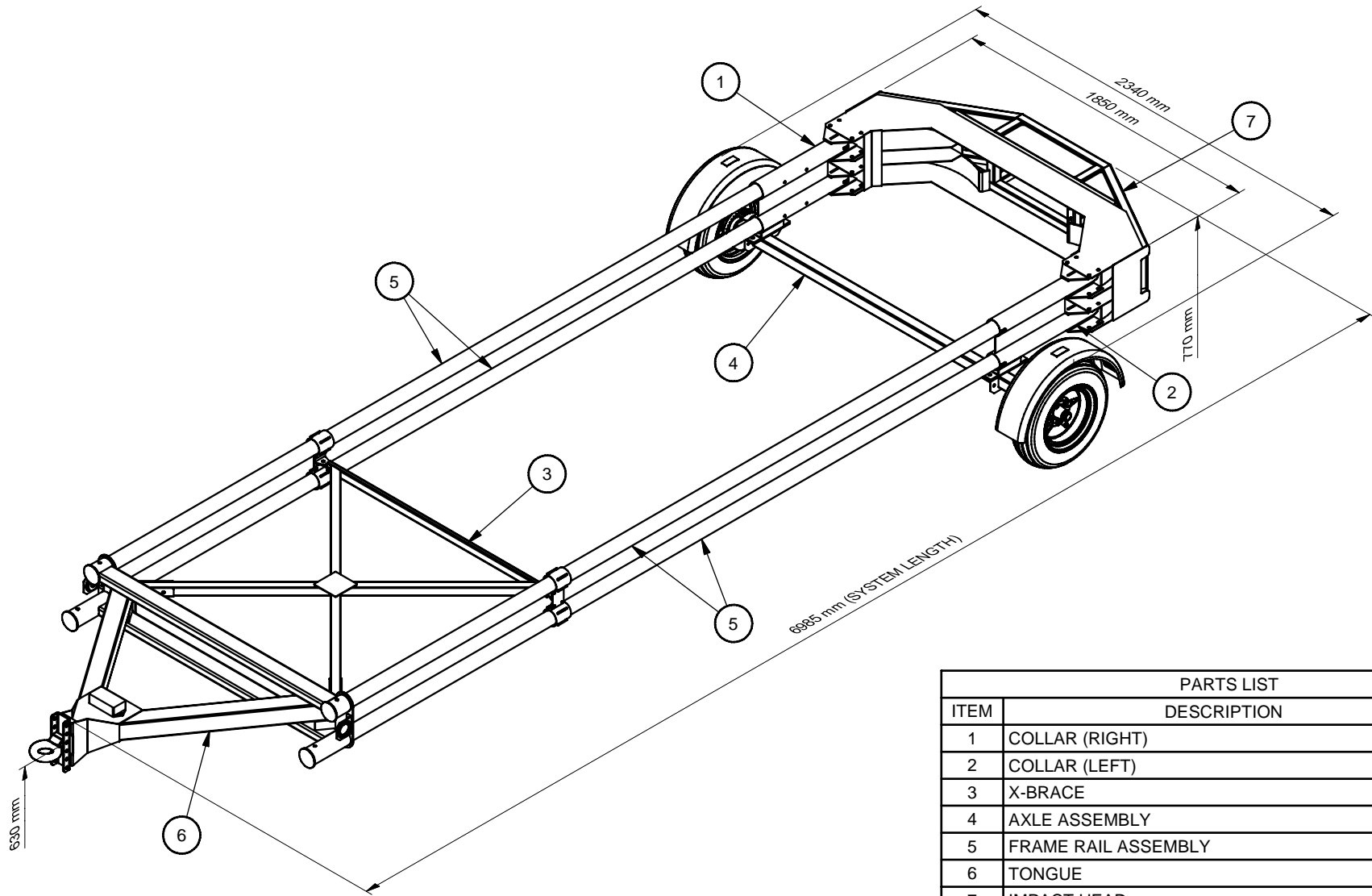
relatively short sections of road for experimental purposes. Our regulations concerning proprietary products are contained in Title 23, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 635.411.

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "David A. Nicol". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large initial "D" and "N".

David A. Nicol, P.E.  
Director, Office of Safety Design  
Office of Safety

Enclosures



PARTS LIST		
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	COLLAR (RIGHT)	1
2	COLLAR (LEFT)	1
3	X-BRACE	1
4	AXLE ASSEMBLY	1
5	FRAME RAIL ASSEMBLY	2
6	TONGUE	1
7	IMPACT HEAD	1

DRAWN:	DATE:
DESIGNED:	DATE:
CHECKED:	DATE:
APPROVED:	DATE:
Q.C.:	DATE:

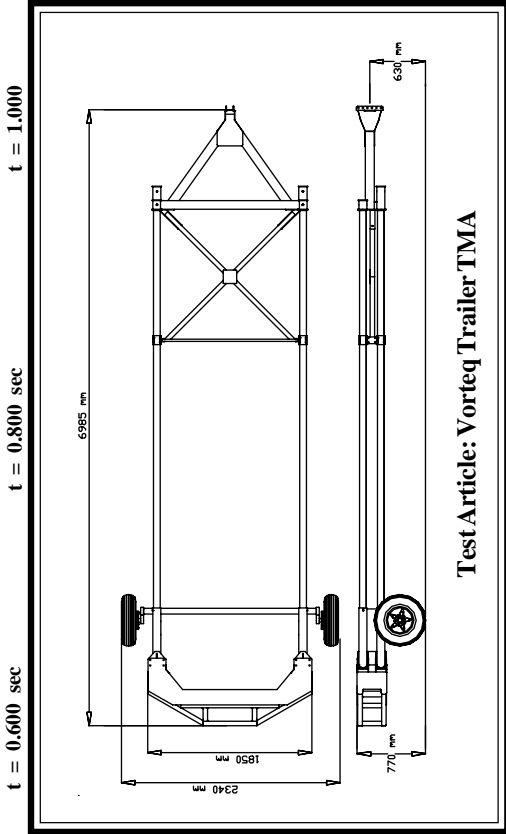


## Vorteq™ Trailer TMA

UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES.  
 DIMENSIONS ACCORDING TO ASME Y14.5M-1994 UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

	DRAWING:	SHEET:	REV
	Vorteq Trailer TMA	1 of 1	

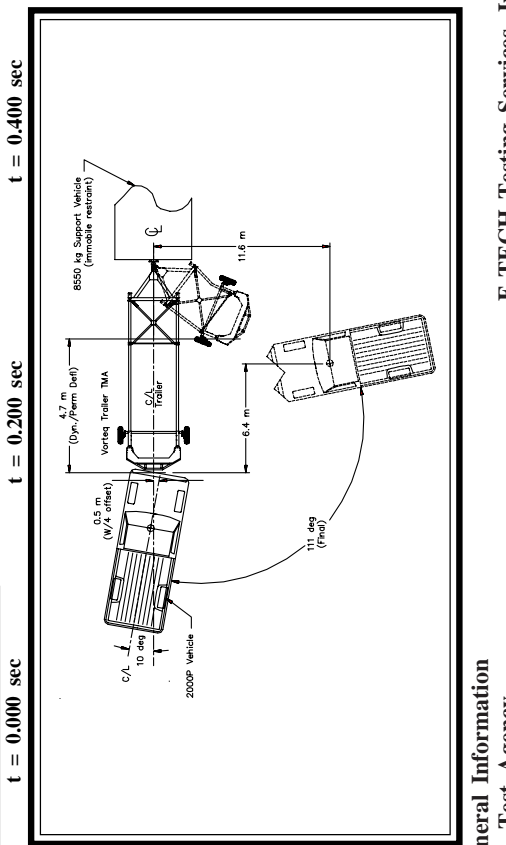




Test Article: Vorteq Trailer TMA

**NCHRP 350 Occupant Risk Values**

Impact Velocity (m/s)	
x-direction	8.6
y-direction	0.2
Ridedown Acceleration (g/s)	
x-direction	-15.9
y-direction	6.7
Support Vehicle Acceleration (g/s)	N/A (immobile)
x-direction	N/A (immobile)
European Committee for Normalization (CEN) Values	
THIV (km/h)	30.8
PHD (g/s)	17.1
ASI	1.2
Test Article Deflections (m)	
Dynamic	4.7
Permanent	4.7
Vehicle Damage	
Exterior	
VDS	FD-3
CDC	12FDEW3
Interior	
OCDI	AS0000000
Maximum Deformation (mm)	Negligible
Post-Impact Vehicular Behavior (deg - rate gyro)	
Maximum Roll Angle	-24.2
Maximum Pitch Angle	-24.6
Maximum Yaw Angle	-110.7



**General Information**

Test Agency	E-TECH Testing Services, Inc.
Test Designation	NCHRP 350 Test 3-53
Test No.	01-4232-004
Date	12/13/07
Test Article	
Type	Energy Absorption Systems, Inc. Vorteq™ Trailer TMA
Installation Length, (mm)	6985 (overall system)
Material and key elements	(4) 76 mm OD x 3 mm thick x 4978 mm ASTMA513 Type 1HREW low carbon steel Frame Tubes Concrete, clean and dry
Foundation Type and Condition	
Test Vehicle	
Type	Production Model
Designation	2000P Pickup
Model	1996 GMC C2500
Mass (kg)	
Curb	1933
Test inertial	1998
Dummy	N/A
Gross Static	1998
Support Vehicle	
Model	1970 GMC 7500 T/A Dump
Test Inertial Mass (kg)	8550
Restraint	Immobile
Impact Conditions	
Speed (km/h)	101.1
Angle (deg)	10
Impact Severity (kJ)	787.1

Figure 16. Summary of Results - Vorteq Trailer TMA Test 01-4232-004



t = 0.000 sec



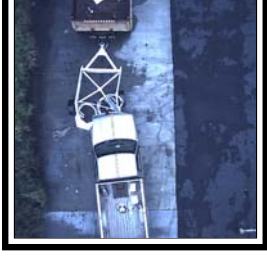
t = 0.200 sec



t = 0.400 sec



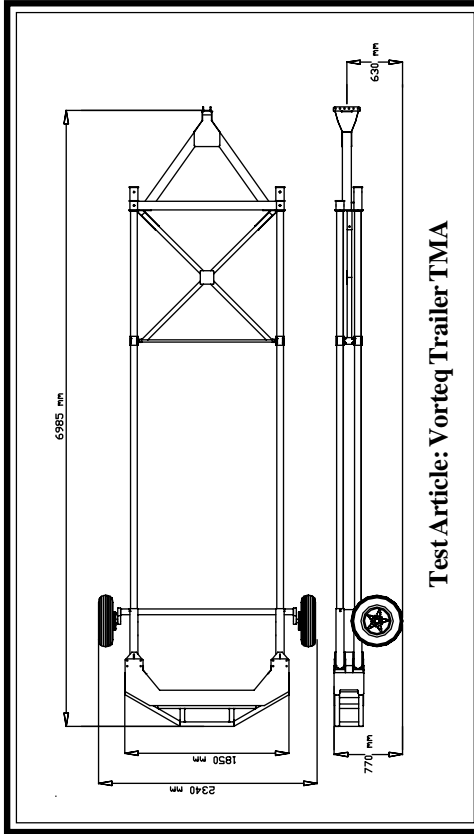
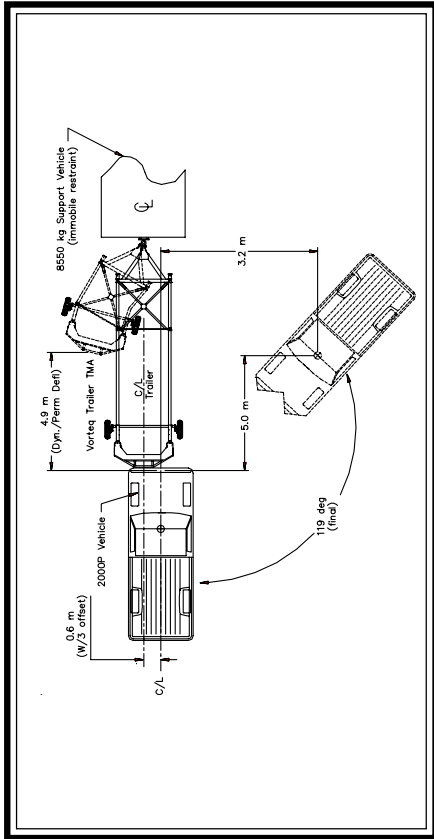
t = 0.600 sec



t = 0.800 sec



t = 1.000 sec



Test Article: Vorteq Trailer TMA

**General Information**

Test Agency .....  
 Test Designation .....  
 Test No. ....  
 Date .....

E-TECH Testing Services, Inc.  
 NCHRP 350 Test 3-52  
 01-4232-002  
 12/4/07

Test Article .....  
 Type .....  
 Installation Length, (mm) .....  
 Material and key elements .....

Energy Absorption Systems, Inc.  
 Vorteq™ Trailer TMA  
 6985 (overall system)  
 (4) 76 mm OD x 3 mm thick x  
 4978mm ASTM A513 Type 1 HREW  
 low carbon steel Frame Tubes  
 Concrete, clean and dry

Foundation Type and Condition .....  
 Test Vehicle .....  
 Type .....  
 Designation .....  
 Model .....

Production Model  
 2000P Pickup  
 1990 GMC  
 1916  
 1985  
 N/A  
 1985

Mass (kg) .....  
 Curb .....  
 Test inertial .....  
 Dummy .....  
 Gross Static .....

1970 GMC 7500 T/A Dump  
 8550  
 Immoblie

Support Vehicle .....  
 Model .....  
 Test Inertial Mass (kg) .....  
 Restraint .....

AS0000000  
 20

Impact Conditions .....  
 Speed (km/h) .....  
 Angle (deg) .....  
 Impact Severity (kJ) .....

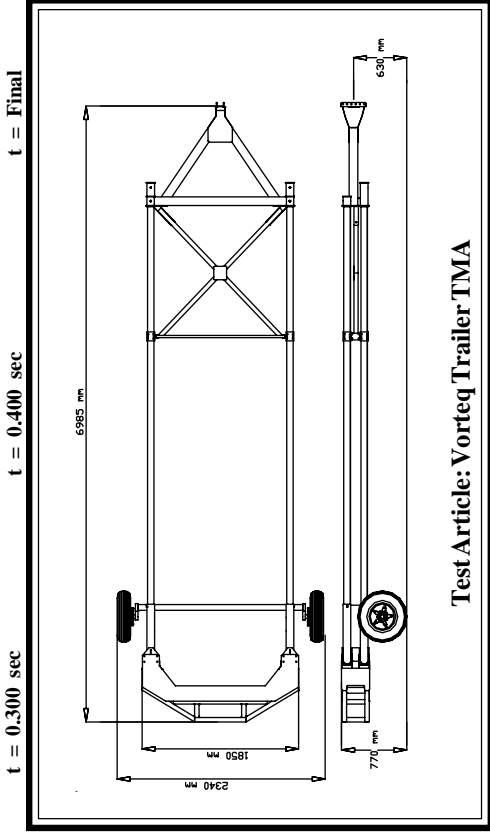
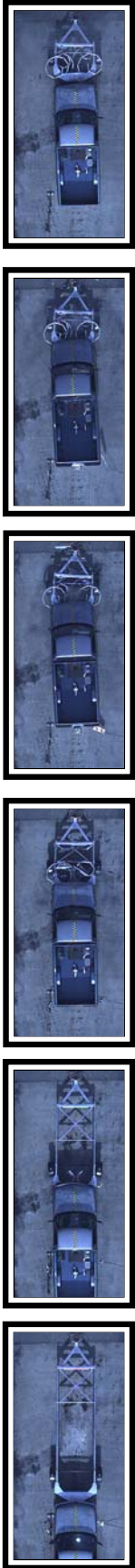
Maximum Deformation (mm) .....  
 Post-Impact Vehicular Behavior (deg - rate gyro)  
 Maximum Roll Angle .....  
 Maximum Pitch Angle .....  
 Maximum Yaw Angle .....

FD-3  
 12FDEW3  
 AS0000000  
 20  
 -20.5  
 21.1  
 -118.8

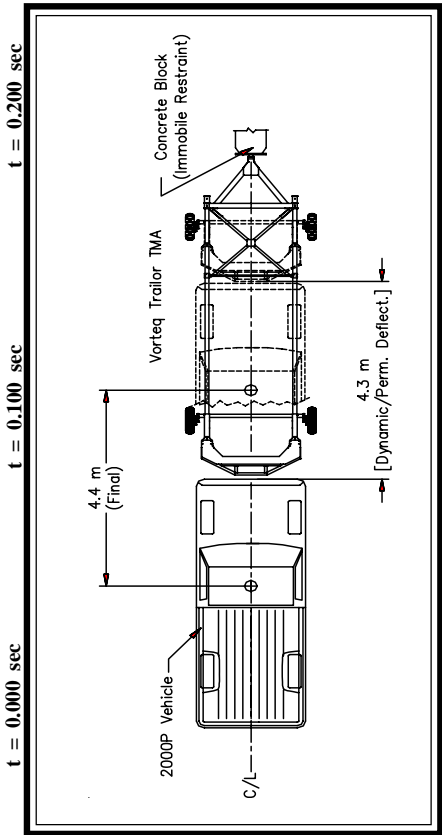
**NCHRP 350 Occupant Risk Values**

Impact Velocity	9.2
x-direction	-0.2
y-direction	
Ridedown Acceleration (g/s)	
x-direction	-18.3
y-direction	-12.4
Support Vehicle Acceleration (g/s)	
x-direction	N/A (immobile)
European Committee for Normalization (CEN) Values	
THV (km/h)	33.1
PHD (g's)	18.9
ASI	1.2
Test Article Deflections (m)	
Dynamic	4.9
Permanent	4.9
Vehicle Damage	
Exterior	
VDS	FD-3
CDC	12FDEW3
Interior	
OCDI	AS0000000
Maximum Deformation (mm)	20
Post-Impact Vehicular Behavior (deg - rate gyro)	
Maximum Roll Angle	-20.5
Maximum Pitch Angle	21.1
Maximum Yaw Angle	-118.8

Figure 11. Summary of Results - Vorteq Trailer TMA Test 01-4232-001



Test Article: Vorteq Trailer TMA



<b>General Information</b>		
Test Agency .....	E-TECH Testing Services, Inc.	
Test Designation .....	NCHRP 350 Test 3-51	
Test No. ....	01-4232-001	
Date .....	11/29/07	
<b>Test Article</b>		
Type .....	Energy Absorption Systems, Inc.	
.....	Vorteq™ Trailer TMA	
Installation Length, (mm) .....	6985 (overall system)	
Material and key elements .....	(4) 76 mm OD x 3 mm thick x	
.....	4978 mm ASTM A513 Type 1 HREW	
.....	low carbon steel frame tubes	
.....	Concrete, clean and dry	
<b>Foundation Type and Condition</b> .....		
<b>Test Vehicle</b>		
Type .....	Production Model	
Designation .....	2000P Pickup	
Model .....	1988 Chevrolet C-2500	
Mass (kg) .....		
Curb .....	1893	
Test inertial .....	1999	
Dummy .....	N/A	
Gross Static .....	1999	
<b>Support Vehicle</b>		
Model .....	N/A (rigid wall)	
Test Inertial Mass (kg) .....	N/A (rigid wall)	
Restraint .....	Immobile	
<b>Impact Conditions</b>		
Speed (km/h) .....	101.8	
Angle (deg) .....	0	
Impact Severity (kJ) .....	798.6	
<b>Exit conditions</b>		
Speed (km/h) .....	N/A	
Angle (deg) .....	N/A	
<b>Occupant Risk Values</b>		
Impact Velocity (m/s)		
x-direction .....	8.5	
y-direction .....	-0.3	
Ridedown Acceleration (g's)		
x-direction .....	-19.1	
y-direction .....	-5.3	
Support Vehicle Acceleration (g's)		
x-direction .....	N/A (immobile)	
<b>European Committee for Normalization (CEN) Values</b>		
THIV (km/h) .....	30.5	
PHD (g's) .....	19.1	
ASI .....	1.2	
<b>Test Article Deflections (m)</b>		
Dynamic .....	4.3	
Permanent .....	4.3	
<b>Vehicle Damage</b>		
Exterior		
VDS .....	FD-3	
CDC .....	12FDEW3	
Interior		
OCDI .....	AS0000000	
Maximum Deformation (mm) .....	Negligible	
<b>Post-Impact Vehicular Behavior (deg - rate gyro)</b>		
Maximum Roll Angle .....	3.2	
Maximum Pitch Angle .....	21.6	
Maximum Yaw Angle .....	4.4	

Figure 6. Summary of Results - Vorteq Trailer TMA Test 01-4232-001