

## Supplemental Guidance

### Mississippi

- If a sediment basin is a project BMP, is it equipped with an outlet structure that discharges only from the surface of the basin.
- The SWPPP must require **vegetative practices to begin within 7 days when a disturbed area will be left for 14 days.**

## Supplemental Guidance

### Tennessee

#### Tennessee Erosion and Sediment Control/Stormwater Requirements

- No more than 50 acres may be disturbed at any one time. Projects of more than 50 acres must be phased, and the construction phases must be described. (Unless the areas of disturbance have distinct receiving waters, or are more than 5 miles apart. The Contractor must conduct monthly site assessments.)
- The different stages of construction, and the E&SC measures that will be used during each stage should be shown on multiple plan sheets.
  - For sites disturbing less than 5 acres, at least 2 stages must be identified, and 2 separate ESC plan sheets must be developed.
  - For sites disturbing more than 5 acres, at least 3 stages must be identified, and 3 separate ESC plan sheets must be developed.
- Steep slopes (35% grade or greater) must be stabilized within 7 days. All other areas must be stabilized within 14 days.
- An average buffer width of 30 feet (minimum width of 15 feet) must be maintained for streams and wetlands.
- Temporary sediment basins (treatment for 5-year, 24-hour storm) must be provided for each onsite outfall with a drainage area of a total of 10 or more acres. **Diverted runoff can be omitted from the volume calculation. Equivalent sediment treatment and control measures can be used if sufficiently justified and in accordance with TN Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook.**
- Site assessments must be conducted at each outfall involving drainage totaling 10 or more acres, within a month of construction commencing.
- Twice weekly inspections required. Inspectors must have an active Level I certification.

#### Requirement Specific to Exceptional Tennessee Waters/Designated Impaired Waters

- An average buffer width of 60 feet (minimum width of 30 feet) must be maintained for streams and wetlands.