

Presentation Outline

Key Points



- Who is Federal Lands Highways?
- FLAP Program Overview
- Application Packet
- Timeline, General Housekeeping, and Q&A



Federal Lands Highway (FLH) Mission

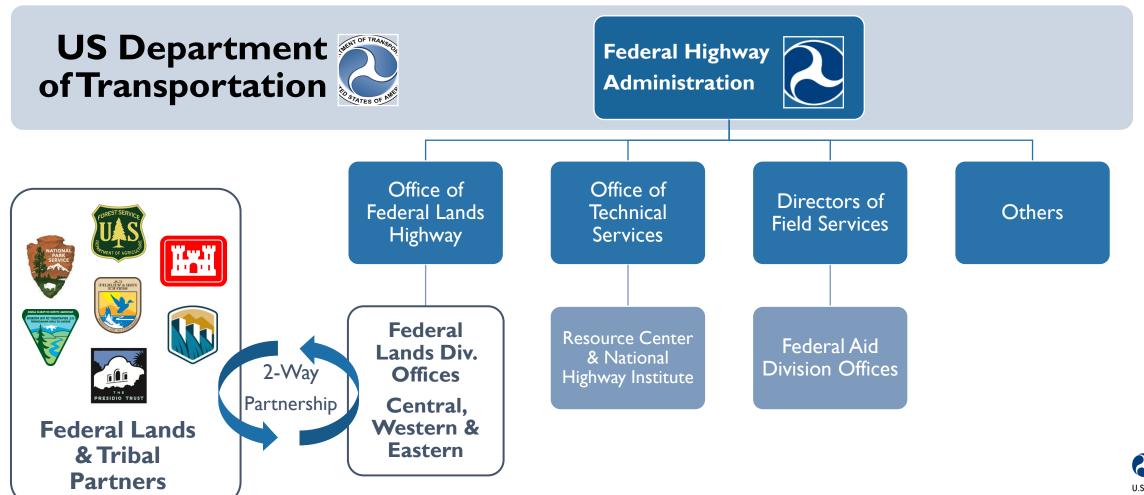
Improve transportation to and within Federal and Tribal Lands by:

- I. Building effective, efficient, and reliable networks of federal public roads and bridges; to protect and enhance the Nation's natural resources; and to provide needed transportation access for Native Americans.
- 2. Providing financial resources and transportation engineering assistance for public roads that service the transportation needs of Federal and Indian lands.



Federal Lands Highway

Organization





Federal Lands Highway

Division Offices





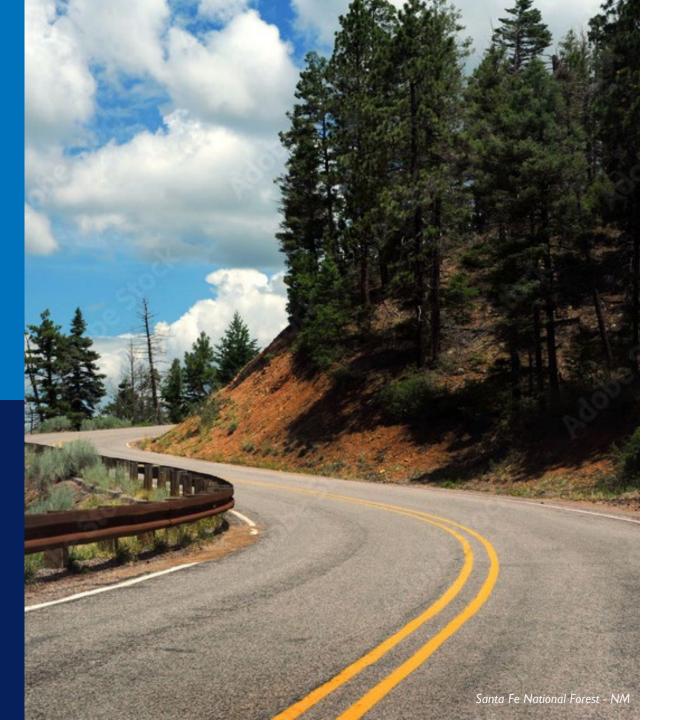




FLH Core Capital Programs

The Program for Federal Partners	The Program for Non-Federal Partners for Federal			
FLTP Federal Lands Transportation Program	FLAP Federal Lands Access Program			
Improve transportation facilities owned <u>and</u> maintained by a <u>federal</u> agency – typically within a national park, forest, wildlife refuge, BLM lands, BOR lands, or USACE lands.	Improve transportation facilities owned and/ <u>or</u> maintained by a <u>non-federal</u> agency providing access to, adjacent to, or location within federal lands (typically National Parks, Forests, Wildlife Refuges, BLM lands, BOR lands, and/or USACE lands)			

The Program for Tribal Partners for Tribal Lands	The Emergency Program for Federal Partners
TTP	ERFO
Tribal Transportation Program	Emergency Relief of Federally Owned Transportation
Provide safe and adequate transportation and public road access to and within Indian reservations, Indian lands, and Alaska Native Village communities.	The intent of the ERFO program is to pay the unusually heavy expenses for the repair and reconstruction of eligible facilities. The ERFO program is not intended to cover all repair costs but rather supplement Federal Land Management Agency (FLMA) repair programs.



Central Federal Lands (CFL)

- 14 central and SW States, Hawaii and & Pacific Territories.
- FLH is at the forefront of delivering distinctive, context sensitive, innovative, and sound engineering projects.
- Proven experience and ability to solve and manage unique challenges in dynamic environments, geography and complexity, through engineering solutions sensitive to the context of the land.
- "Cradle to Grave" transportation engineering services of highways and bridges providing access to/through federal lands.



CFL Areas of Expertise

Project Delivery

- Project Management
- Project Development
 - Design, survey, mapping, right-of-way, utilities
 - Environment (NEPA)
- Technical Services
 - Safety, geotechnical, structures, hydraulics, pavements & materials
 - Technology
- Construction
 - Closeout

Business Operations

Planning & Programs

- Alternative transportation & community planning
- Programs: Federal Lands
 Transportation Program
 (FLTP), Federal Lands Access
 Program (FLAP), ERFO
- Scoping, inventory, GIS,
- Agreements
- Administrative
 Services
 - Acquisitions, contract administration, finance

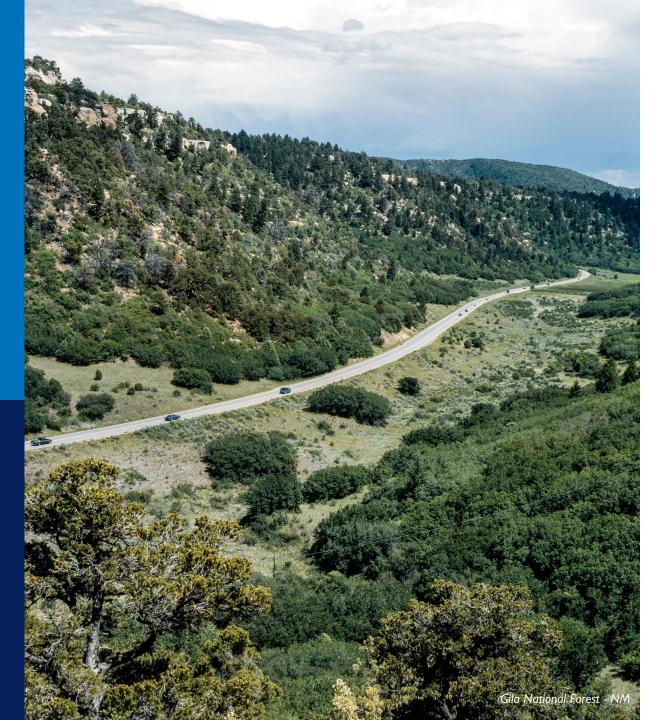




CFL Business Metrics

- Obligation ≥ 95% of program funds
- ≥ 75% of funding on the ground
- Deliver a majority of work in-house to maintain technical expertise
- Partner satisfaction surveys ≥ 85%





FLAP Program

Background

- Created in MAP-21 and continues in the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL)/Infrastructure Investment Jobs Act (IIJA).
- \$286M to \$309M annually authorized (2022-2026) in BIL.
 - BIL expires 2026
 - Anticipate Congress to authorize new legislation or extension.

Goals

- Improve transportation facilities that provide access to, are adjacent to, or are located within Federal lands.
- Emphasis on high-use Federal recreation sites and Federal economic generators.

FLAP Eligibility Requirements



What kinds of projects are FLAP eligible?

Per legislation, any public highway, road, bridge, trail or transit system located on or adjacent to Federal lands.

- Any transportation project eligible for assistance under Title 23
 - Rehabilitation / Restoration / Construction / Reconstruction
 - Engineering and Environmental Compliance
 - Operation & maintenance of transit facilities
 - Planning & Research
- Title and/or maintenance responsibility is vested with State, County, Local Government, or Tribes



Changes to FLAP in BIL

- Local match no longer required!
- New eligibility!
 - Context sensitive solutions
 - Interpretation, signage & wayfinding
 - Visual mitigation & landscaping



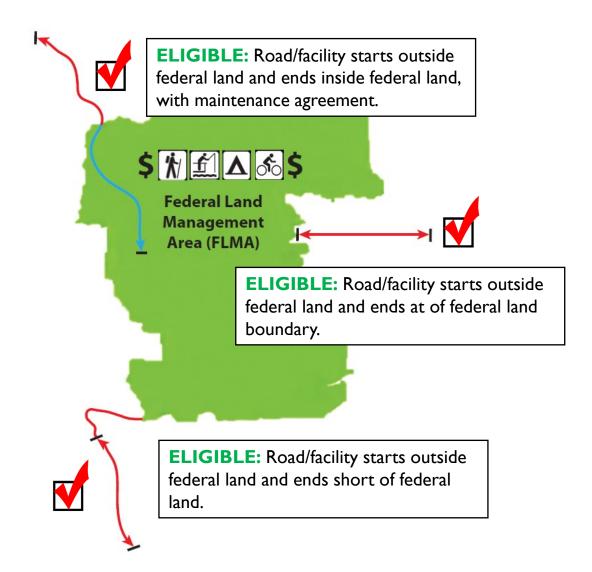


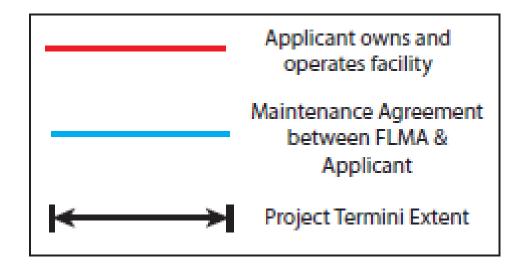






FLAP Eligibility Scenarios



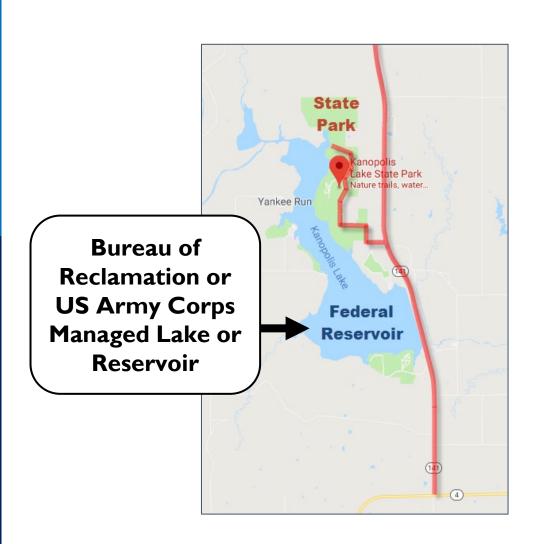


Notes:

- Tribal roads maintained by the tribe are eligible.
 BUT the roadway must access Federal Lands other than tribal (ex. NPS, FWS, etc.)
- Tribal lands are not eligible Federal Lands as the destination for this program (TTP)
- Land leased by the Federal Government is not eligible.



FLAP Eligibility Scenarios



Common Scenario:

- Access to reservoir/lake is typically through State or County Park
- Roads leading to or within the Park that are not federally maintained: eligible.
- Potential to leverage FLAP, FLTP, State, and Local Funds



FLAP Funding

Allocated by Legislative Formula



Category I:

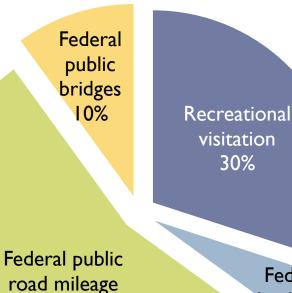
80% of Funds go to States with 1.5% or more of Federal Land on a National scale

Category II:

Remainder goes to States with less than 1.5% of Federal Land on a National scale

Second
Sub-allocation

Within each category, the funds are further allocated based on:



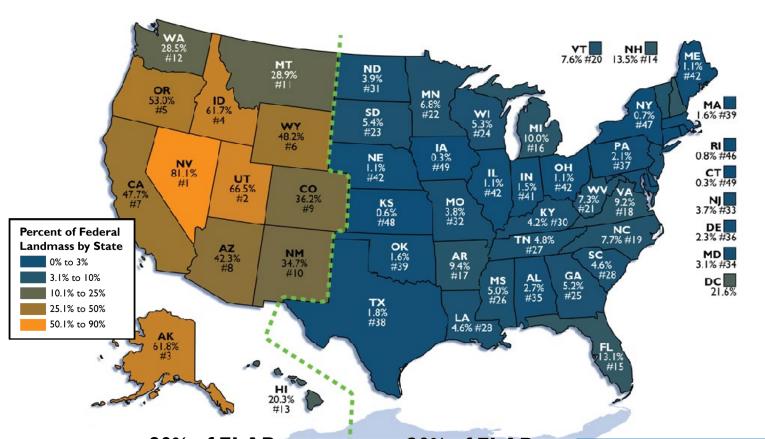
55%

Federal land area 5%



FLAP Funding

Federal Land by State & 2023 Allocation



Central Federal Lands States

	California	¢20.7M
-	California	\$30.7M
-	Colorado	\$15.9M
-	Utah	\$12.8M
-	Nevada	\$11.9M
-	Arizona	\$11.2M
-	Wyoming	\$10.3M
-	New Mexico	\$8.2M
-	Texas	\$3.2M
-	Oklahoma	\$1.2M
-	South Dakota	\$1.2M
-	North Dakota	\$IM
-	Kansas	\$766K
-	Nebraska	\$329K
-	Hawaii	\$308K

80% of FLAP

> 1.5% of Federal Land

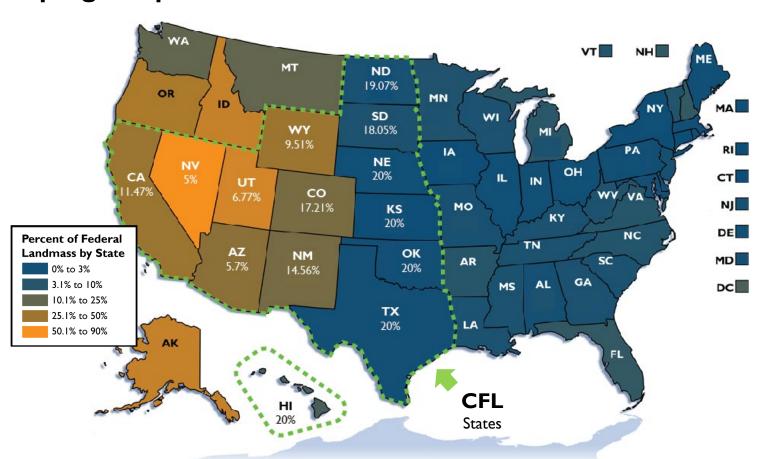
20% of FLAP

< 1.5% of Federal Land

Fiscal Year	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	BIL Total
Authorization	\$286 M	\$292 M	\$297 M	\$304 M	\$309 M	\$1.44 B

FLAP Match Requirements

Match requirement was removed in BIL, this only applies to projects selected into the program prior to BIL



Central Federal Lands States

-	Texas	20.00%
-	Oklahoma	20.00%
-	Hawaii	20.00%
-	Nebraska	20.00%
-	Kansas	20.00%
-	North Dakota	19.07%
-	South Dakota	18.05%
-	Colorado	17.21%
-	New Mexico	14.56%
-	California	11.47%
-	Wyoming	9.51%
-	Utah	6.77%
-	Arizona	5.70%
-	Nevada	5.00%



FLAP Leveraged Funds

Match requirement was removed in BIL, however leveraged funds can help extend the impact of a state's FLAP allocation

Eligible Fund Types

- Local, State, or Tribal Sources (Federal Aid)
- Title 23: Federal Lands Transportation Program (FLTP)
 (NPS, USFS, FWS, BOR, BLM, USACE, Presidio Trust)
- Tribal Transportation Program Funds
- Other Title 23 Funds: Surface Transportation Block Program, Highway Bridge Improvement Funds, High Risk Rural Roads (HRRR), BUILD, INFRA, etc.
- Other Federal Funds that are not Title 23 or 49, if their statutes and policies allow

Notes:

- FHWA cannot receive non-profit and private funding directly
- Funding source needs to be identified, but can be transferred in installments over duration of project if needed



FLAP Leveraged Funds

Federal Lands Transportation Program (FLTP – federally owned & maintained) projects can be combined with FLAP projects to bundle projects of mutual interest (FLMA & locals)

Conditions:

- PDC and FLMA agree
- Projects are contiguous/adjacent
- Managed as a single construction contract.
 - Preference to be single PS&E designed by single agency
- PDC may require local agency to contribute funding. This is meant to:
 - I. Ensure local involvement or
 - 2. Extend the FLAP program in the state



FLAP Leveraged Funds



Federal Lands Transportation Program (FLTP – federally owned & maintained) projects can be combined with FLAP projects to bundle projects of mutual interest (FLMA & locals)

Example:

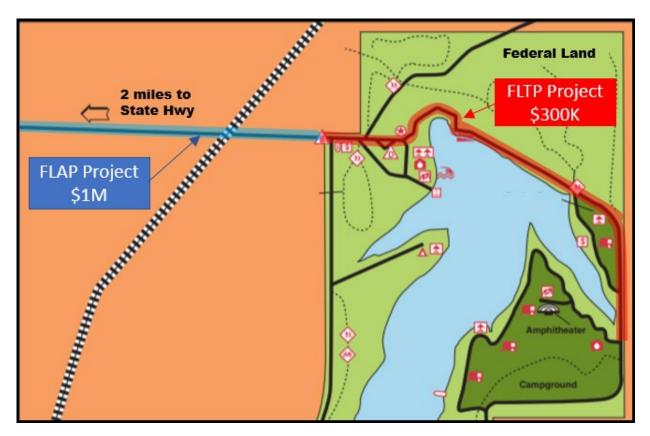
- FLAP Project (improve County Road) = \$IM
- FLTP Project (Scenic Drive to Parking = \$300K

Total Project = \$1.3M

- FLAP: \$1M
- FLTP: \$300K
 - FLTP funds <u>CAN</u> be combined with FLAP funds, they qualify as leveraged funds

Applying Local Agency

- No or low cost burden
- CFL can assume design & delivery of project
- Local agency can claim a 23% overmatch in the application





FLAP Project Delivery



Does CFL have to deliver/lead selected projects?

No, but our mission is to deliver the Program. We may choose a different delivery agency when:

- The Project has already been designed
- The Project scope doesn't fit into CFL's "niche". Some past examples have been:
 - High-speed divided highway auxiliary lanes
 - Bridge repairs
 - Transit projects

If FHWA-CFL is Lead Agency	If Other Agency
 Typical for CFLHD to act as the lead agency from selection to completion Capable of delivering most FLAP projects Lead agency for NEPA and Title 23 requirements Provides technical studies and information for partner agency to complete CEQA 	 Must provide justification, including examples of delivering Title 23 funded projects of similar size and complexity Follow applicable Local Assistance Procedures Manual FHWA Division Office and State DOT will have Stewardship & Oversight FLAP funding typically fixed



FLAP Programming

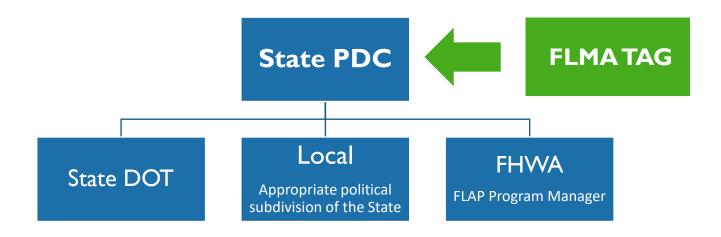


Who makes programming decisions?

Each state has a Programming Decisions Committee (PDC), a volunteer board.

PDC responsibilities include:

- Develop their own processes and evaluation criteria
- Establish the next call for projects
- Review applications
- Shortlist and select projects





FLAP Preferred Projects

Preference is given to transportation facilities providing access to Federal high-use recreation sites and economic generators.

- Federal recreation: Any site used by the public to recreate on federal public lands
- 'High-use' is defined for a region/local area and not compared across the state (not every county has a Grand Canyon!)
- Federal economic generator: Any use of/on federal lands that increases aggregate investment or economic activity for local community and/or region (ski area, energy production, etc.)



Strong Applications

Shortlisted & Selected Projects Typically Include:				
 Full roadway reconstruction Roadway realignment Shoulder widening Multimodal (bike lanes, multi-use path) 	 Roadway rehabilitation Full depth reclamation Guardrail replacement New, full-depth asphalt 			
Bridge replacementAccess points (trailheads, etc.)	Multi-use trail (additions, expansions, or improvements)			

Reasonable Scope + Realistic Project Estimate + FLMA coordination & support + Proposed Project
 Meets the FLAPVision = Successful Application



NOTE: PDCs set selection criteria and have the ultimate programming decision.



Partnerships

Strong partnerships with local agencies and FLMAs





 The best projects bring together State, local, MPOs, and FLMAs to address mutual needs

• Complex projects require local champions, the more stakeholders the better!



Weak Applications

Risk Factors That Can Reduce Competitiveness of a Project:					
 Maintenance-only focus i.e. Chipseals, mill and overlay 	 Lack of photos, maps, and exhibits that convey the purpose & need 				
 Underlying issues not addressed in application scope Poor subgrade left as is Damaged and/or undersized culverts to remain Deficient guardrail to be left in place 	 Poorly written applications Questions left unanswered Unrealistic cost estimates Unaccounted engineering & NEPA costs Insufficient unit prices and/or contingency 				
 Does not access high-use federal recreation sites 	Lack of coordination with Federal Land				

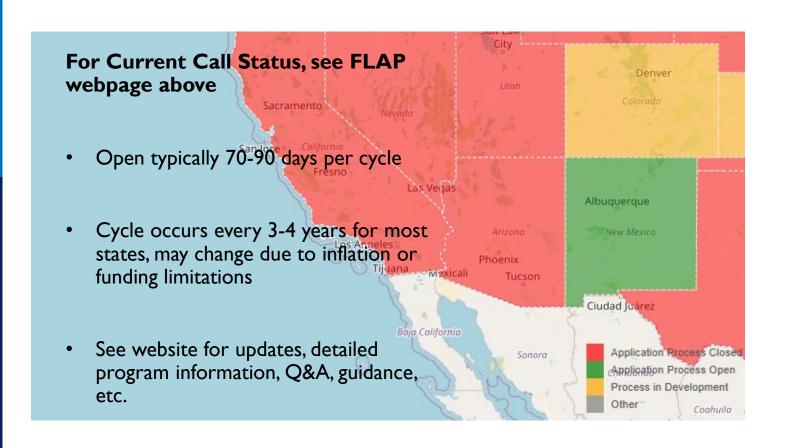
- ADT majority traffic is commuters & residential
 - **Suggestion:** If the project accesses a high-use recreation site, but there are many residences or businesses, consider proposing local leveraged funds.

Management Agency (FLMA)



FLAP Web & Call for Projects

http://flh.fhwa.dot.gov/programs/flap/ http://flh.fhwa.dot.gov/programs/flap/NM



1. General Info

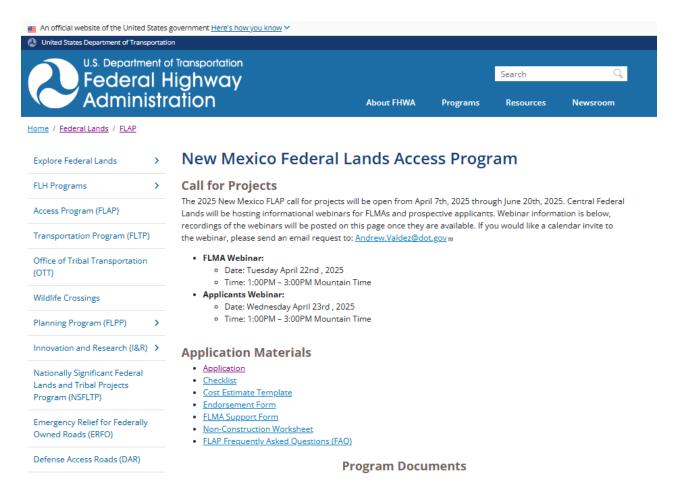
- 2. Background
- 3. Proposed Project
- 4. Funding
- 5. Evaluation Criteria
- 6. Endorsement Form
- 7. Non-Construction
- 8. FLMA Support Form
- 9. Checklist



FLAP Web & Call for Projects

New Mexico FLAP Page:

https://highways.dot.gov/federal-lands/programs-access/NM



1. General Info

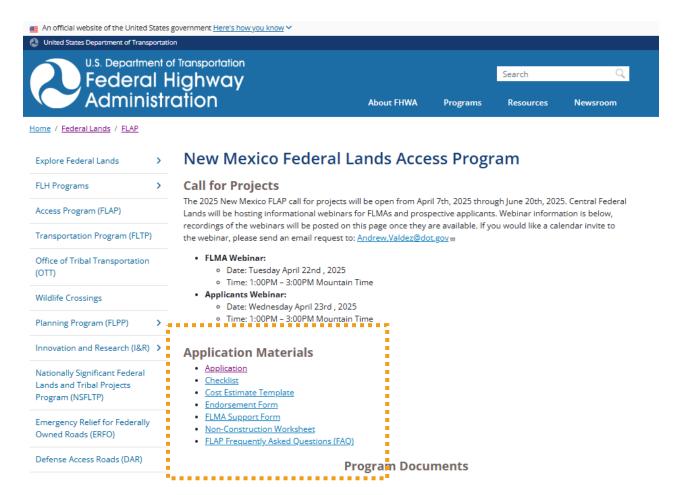
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FLAP Web & Call for Projects

New Mexico FLAP Page:

https://highways.dot.gov/federal-lands/programs-access/NM



1. General Info

- 2. Background
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- 1. General Info
- 2. Background
- 3. Proposed Project

Attach bridge inspection report



- 4. Funding
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Enter % of ADT that accesses the Federal Lands





	BACKGROU	JND DATA			
Agency with Title to Facility:					
) Agency with Maintenance Resp	onsibility Provide agency	name			
b) Describe how the maintenance sponsibility is provisioned. clude details for each portion of the oject (e.g. roadways, parking lots). Attach available ROW documentation and/or maintenance agreements.	e.g. ownership highway ease	nent deed and/or mai	intenance agreei	ment	
Project Length: 4 wide length in miles (c	. Existing Roadway Width outside shoulder to should rovide average width in feet		Existing Post	ted Speed Limit:	
Existing Bridge Information: oxide known data for all bridge octures within the project limits. for to the link below for guidance: ps//www.fhwa.dot.gov/bridge/nbi.cfm	National Bridge Inventory Structure #	Bridge Bridg Length (ft.) Width (Sufficiency	
Attach inspection reports if available.					
Functional Classification: National Highway System Arterial Local Road eck those that apply. Major Collector Minor Collector fer to the link for guidance: http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/planning/processes/statewide/related/highway_functional_classifications/					
Traffic Volumes:		Current	20-Year Projection	Data Source / Methodology	
ovide any available traffic data from ent counts or other documented	Average Daily Traffic (ADI)	110,22		
urces. ote: If no data (i.e., counts) are available,	Seasonal Average Daily Tra	ffic			
ease estimate range (< 200, 200 - 500, 0, 500 - 1000, > 1000 vehicles per day)	Estimate % of above ADT to accesses the Federal land				
Safety History: escribe site(s) including the number, e and type of crash as well as the user be(s) that have occurred within the oject limits and the source of this formation (reports or anecdotal). If ailable provide site specific crash data r last three years.					
Projects in Proximity: scribe other current or previously nded Federal Lands project(s) adjacent					
or in proximity to this project.					

FLAP SAMPLE APPLICATION

- 1. General Info
- 2. Background
- 3. Proposed Project
- 4. Funding
- 5. Evaluation Criteria
- 6. Non-Construction
- 7. Endorsement Form
- 8. FLMA Support Form
- 9. Checklist

Can your project be phased?



		PROPOSE	D PROJECT	
 Purpose and Need: Describe the need for the pre including but not limited to v project will Serve, conditions relief, and anticipated change to the proposed project. 	who the requiring	miles of Example Road provid needed to provide a minimum	ed for this project is to address deteriorate ling primary access to the Green National F n of 20 year service life for this facility to in ase the potential for future accidents, for v	orest. Proposed Improvements are crease mobility, as well as providing
2. Proposed Design Star Project will be designed to th Check the standard that best	e following st		AASHTO State DOT	Local G
3. Proposed Roadway (s Proposed width should be in a				d Speed Lin
 Description of Propos a) Provide a description of all work including project phase major construction work iten 	proposed e(s) and	Example Road to a proposed improvements will be needed		Does your project alig
b) Describe how the propose address the identified purpose		Drainage Improvements will a	ct will increase mobility for user also extend the service life of th ncreasing the sight distances a	ith the FL <i>A</i> program's
c) Describe if the project is a larger project/route or if this can be phased. Include any laternatives that should be re part of this project.	project is/ known	the roadway for 5 miles to the limitations in the program, thi	ent of roadway would tie into a north (segment is owned and is project could be broken into two phases Phase 1 would be from the FS boundary s	
*Note: The Programming Decs	ion Committe	e has final approval for all pro	posed project phases and reserves right t	to reduce scope of work.
6. Key Items of Work: Ch	eck all that ap	ply. Refer to link for guidance.	http://contextsensitivesolutions.org/con	ntent/reading/types-of-highway/
New Construction / Reconstruction (4R):	Recycling		Surfacing: Asphalt	Bicycle / Pedestrian:
☐ Earthwork/Grading	Existing (Exc Pu	g Asphalt / Base Recycling Iverization)	_	Bicycle and Pedestrian faci
☐ Road base	Overla	у	Concrete	Bicycle facility (e.g. bike lar
☐ Major Drainage (>48*)	Milling		Gravel	**Non-Infrastructure:
☐ Minor Drainage (<48*)	Minor Widening (< 5 ft.)		Parking Safety Improvements:	Transit
Retaining Walls	Major Major	Midening (> 5 ft.)	Intersection / Traffic Controls	Planning Study
ROW Acquisition	Bridge:		☐ Guardrail	Planning-Environmental Linkage (PEL) Study
Utility Relocations	New / I	Replacement	Sight Distance Improvements	Research
		ilitation or Repair	Roadside Hazard Improvements	
**Note: Applications that in supplemental worksheet for	clude non-co ralternative t	nstruction or elements incl ransportation that can be f	luding transit, planning, and/or resea ound at: <u>http://flh.fhwa.dot.gov/pro</u> g	arch, please fill out the grams/flap/az/
			e 3 of 8	

- 1. General Info
- 2. Background
- 3. Proposed Project
- 4. Funding
- 5. Evaluation Cri
- 6. Non-Construc
- 7. Endorsement

Part of FLH Mission to deliver projects – Assume CFL as Lead Agency

- 8. FLMA Support Form
- 9. Checklist

FLAP SAMPLE APPLICATION						
7. Right of Way Acquisition: All Right-of-way (ROW) property (acquisition costs) to be part of the project costs should be detailed in the project estimate page. All acquisition support costs are non-participating and will be borne by the applicant.						
7a) Is ROW acquisition required? (yes /no) 7b). Existing ROW Width (feet):						
7c) Describe the anticipated ROW acquisition needed to construct project. Include the proposed ROW width (ft) including formalization of all ROW on FLMA lands.						
Utility Impacts: All utility relocation costs must be accounted for by the applicant whether borne by the applicant or included as project cost. Utility relocation costs should be detailed in the project cost estimate.						
8a) List any known utility conflicts within the project ROW and describe any anticipated utility impacts and proposed relocations:						
8b) Will relocation of utilities be required? (yes /no)						
 Environmental Impacts / Resource Protection: Identify and describe known or anticipated impacts, positive or negative, to biological, cultural, wetlands or water resources, or any other environmental areas. 						
Describe all those impacts identified:						
10. Proposed Lead Agency: Identify the lead agency that is proposed to lead delivery of this project. It is typical for the CFLHD to act as the lead agency for duration of the project, from award through project completion. However, If the applicant plans to have a different agency act as lead for the project, the applicant must provide justification for this position previous experience in delivering Federal Aid (Title 23) funded projects and ability to satisfy FHWA project delivery requirements in accordance with https://doi.org/10.1007/nn.nd/ delivery resides with CFLHD. If delivered by another Agency, FHWA Arizona Division Office and the Arizona DOT will have Stewardship and Oversight responsibility where all costs and overruns will be borne by the applicant.						
Page 4 of 8						

- General Info
- 2. Background
- 3. Proposed Project

Leveraged funds can be helpful in PDC deliberations

4. Funding

- 5. Evaluation Criteria
- 6. Non-Construction
- 7. Endorsement Form
- 8. FLMA Support Form
- 9. Checklist

Coordinate with FLMA beforehand.

FLAP SAMPLE APPLICATION Applicants are required to attach a detailed estimate to support costs referenced below. A Sample FLAP Project Cost Estimate Form is available for use on the Texas FLAP web page (link will take you to the page; scroll down to find the excel document). Project cost estimates must include all project costs including Preliminary Engineering and Construction Engineering costs, Contingency, ROW, utility relocation, etc. (Please do not add dollar signs or commas to the cost entries.) 22. Cost Estimate for Proposed Project (From developed Cost Estimate attached): a. FLAP Funds Requested (Up to 100%): b. Other Project Funds: If applicable, list any non-FLAP funding source that will be part of the project. I. Local, State, or Other Federal Sources (Cash match only): II. In-Kind Contribution: 1. Right of Way 2. Utilities 3. Other Contributions (at the discretion of the PDC): Total Non-FLAP Funds: c. List and provide detail on all non-FLAP funding sources identified above including funding source description, restrictions, and timing availability of funds and associated partnerships. If another organization will be providing funds, please ensure the organization provides a letter of support for the project. Sample - Example County will not have funds available until January 2024. The funds are from local sales tax.



- 1. General Info
- 2. Background
- 3. Proposed Project
- 4. Funding (Cost Est.)
- 5. Evaluation Criteria
- 6. Non-Construction
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SAMPLE COST ESTIMATE

Arizona FLAP Appl			st Estimate S	ample 1		
	Sample	Project # 1				
1.1 miles of major reconstruction of an existing road, widening, improving roadway geometry, constructing rockfall catchment areas, new guardrail, slope						
armoring, drainage impro	vements, reto	ining walls ar	ıd minor brid	ge rehabiliation		
Work Item Description	Unit	Unit Price	Quantity	Cost	Remarks	
Watering for Dust Control	LPSM	\$30,000	1	\$30,000		
Removals of Structures and Obstructions	LPSM	\$20,000	1	\$20,000		
Roadway Excavation	CUYD	\$40	20,000	\$800,000		
Waste	CUYD	\$15	5,000	\$75,000		
Aggregate Base	CUYD	\$35	8,000	\$280,000	Assume 6" Depth	
Pavement Recycling	MILE	\$100,000	1.10	\$110,000		
Soil Nail/Rock Bolt/Mesh for slope armoring	LPSM	\$100,000	1.00	\$100,000		
Asphalt Pavement	TON	\$100	4,000	\$400,000	Assume 3" Depth	
Bridge Repair, Railing	LPSM	\$100,000	1	\$100,000		
Retaining Walls	SQFT	\$30	1,000	\$30,000	Assume 10 ft tall x 400 ft	
Drainage Improvements	LPSM	\$200,000	1	\$200,000	Assume 2500 ft of CMP, 70 ft of RCBC	
Guardrail	LNFT	\$35	1,000	\$35,000		
Turf Re-establishment	ACRE	\$2,000	20	\$40,000		
Permanent Traffic Control & Striping	LPSM	\$45,000	1	\$45,000		
Right of Way Acqusition	LPSM	\$20,000	1	\$20,000	Assume 2 private parcels at approx. \$10k each.	
Utility Relocation	LPSM	\$10,000	1	\$10,000	Relocation of telephone line.	
			Subtotal	\$2,295,000		
		% of above	e Subtotal			
Mobilization	LPSM	10	%	\$230,000		
Construction Survey and Staking	LPSM	29	%	\$46,000		
Contractor Quality Control & Testing	LPSM	59	-	\$115,000		
Temporary Erosion Control	LPSM	39		\$69,000		
Clearing and Grubbing Temporary Traffic Control	LPSM LPSM	29		\$46,000 \$184,000		
remporary frame control	LFSIVI	87				
Contingency (Required for all projects)	30%		Subtotal \$896.000	\$2,985,000	+	
Inflation (Assumed 3% per year)	15%	 	\$582.150			
Total Construction (CN)	FY25					
			7.7.03/1			
Preliminary Engineering (PE) (Required for all projects)	10% \$446,315					
Construction Engineering (CE) (Required for all projects)	12%		\$535,57	8		
		1				
Total Project Cost			445,043			
Total Project Cost (Rounded)	1	ĆE	450,000			



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- 1. Federal lands access proximity & significance
- 2. High-use recreation site and/or Federal economic generator
- 3. Improves public access
- 4. Safety improvement
- 5. Preservation
- 6. Sustainability & Environmental quality benefits
- 7. Project cost & scope risk
- 8. Coordination
- 9. Program vision



- General Info
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For Planning, Research, and Transit projects

FLAP SAMPLE APPLICATION

The Non-Construction Transportation Worksheet can be completed electronically or be printed and submitted electronically.

General Information:

This worksheet must be completed, in addition to the proposed project application, for all non-construction transportation projects applying for Federal Lands Access Program (FLAP) funds. If the boxes below do not provide enough space, please attach additional write-up and supporting documentation (studies, letters of support, etc.) as necessary.

Non-construction transportation project eligibility includes transportation research, planning studies, and transit capital, operations, and maintenance. To be eligible, the transit service or transportation facility being studied must be located on, adjacent to, or provide access to Federal lands for which the title or maintenance responsibility is vested in a State, tribe or local government.

А.	A. Planning Projects Only:							
 Provide a description of the project that will be addressed in the planning effort. Explain how this planning effort will address the goals of FLAP. 								
ſ								
В. І	Research Projects Only:							
1.1	Describe the research project and how it aligns with the goals of FLAP.							
Γ								
2.[Describe how this plan or research project will be applied or implemented following completion.							

Page 1 of 2

U.S. Department of Transportation

- 2. Background
- 3. Proposed Project
- 4. Funding
- 5. Evaluation Criteria
- 6. Non-Construction
- 7. Endorsement Form /!



- 8. FLMA Support Form
- Checklist

Applicant certifies ownership & maintenance responsibility





The Agency with Title or Maintenance Funding Responsibility Completes This Form Project endorsement can be signed electronically or be printed, signed and submitted electronically.

By signing this endorsement form, the signatory certifies:

- A. The project provides access to, is adjacent to, or is located within a Federal recreation site or Federal economic generator.
- B. Sufficient maintenance funds will be provided for the life of the constructed facility.

 C. Funding commitments are, or will be, made available as detailed on page 		
 Reimbursable Agreement will be executed with the Applicant within 45 da 	ys of project short-list notification.	(Example furnished upon reque
Agency submitting project proposal (must be the transportation facility owner or solely responsible for maintenance of the transportation facility):		
2. Name of authorized agency official:		
3. Title:		
Mile Red		
4. Signature:	5. Date (MM/DD/YYYY):	
8. E-mail:	7. Telephone:	ext
B. Address 1:		
9. Address 2:		
Capital Improvement Plan, etc. If applicable include links to the plans or attact	relevant sections in package subm	пиа).
11. Project Title (From Application):		

Laurie Miskimins, Transportation Planner Central Federal Lands Highway Division 12300 West Dakota Ave, Ste 380B, Lakewood, CO 80228 Phone: 720-963-3455 | laurie.miskimins@dot.gov Additional information on the Access Program is located at:



- 2. Background
- 3. Proposed Project
- 4. Funding
- 5. Evaluation Criteria
- 6. Non-Construction
- **Endorsement Form**
- 8. FLMA Support Form /



9. Checklist

Submit more than one if multiple FLMAs.

ready for the project.

Ensure FLMA is

FLAP SAMPLE APPLICATION

Support Form - Acknowledgement of Coordination with Federal Land Management Agency (FLMA)

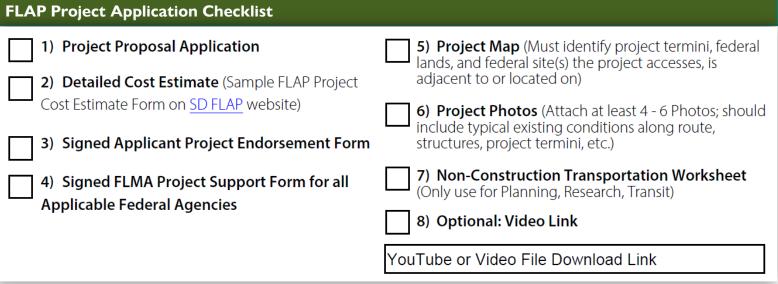
By signing this support form, the FLMA representative certifies that the projects provide access to, is adjacent to, or are located within a Federal recreation site or Federal economic generator. Please fill in all fields. This form can be signed and submitted electronically or be printed, signed, scanned and submitted electronically. Letters of support are highly recommended in addition to this signature page. Project Title (From Application):

2. Applying Agency (From Application)	
3. Federal Land Management Agency	(FLMA) supporting project:
4. Name of FLMA representative:	
5. Title:	
6. Signature:	7. Date (MM/DD/YYYY):
8. E-mail:	9. Telephone: ext
10. Comments on the proposed projec	. (Why is the project significant or critical access for your federal lands?):
	dy to support the improved, new, and/or increased access. (E.g. if the applicant is building the unit have existing or proposed infrastructure in place that will support this type of access?
12. Will Federal Land Transportation P adjacent to this project?	rogram (FLTP) funds be provided as match for this project? Are there any FLTP projects
13. FLMA Point-of-Contact (POC) Nar	ne:
14. POC Telephone:	ext 15. POC e-mail:
	Lauria Mickimine Transportation Diagner

Central Federal Lands Highway Division 12300 West Dakota Ave, Ste 3808, Lakewood, CO 80228 Phone: 720-963-3455 | laurie.miskimins@dot.gov



- General Info
- 2. Background
- 3. Proposed Project
- 4. Funding
- 5. Evaluation Criteria
- 6. Non-Construction
- 7. Endorsement Form
- 8. FLMA Support Form
- 9. Checklist





What Happens if my Project is Selected?

PDC shortlists program of projects for scoping

Financial agreement set up between CFL and local agency

*Details of leveraged funds are defined

CFL scopes project with applicant and FLMA

PDC reviews
scoping
documents and
determines if
project will be
placed in the
final program

CFL (typically)
delivers project
"Cradle to
Grave"



New Mexico Timeline

~70 Days	90 Days	7 Months		2028 to 2029
Call for Projects Open	PDC/FLMA/TAG Application Review & Selects Shortlist of Projects	Project Scoping by CFL	PDC Selects Final Program	Implementation & Construction
April 7 th to June 20 th	Late Summer Shortlist Meeting Aug/Sept 2025	Spring/Summer 2026	June 2026	Project Design & Delivery



Tips for Success

- FLMA coordination is crucial
- Review program guidance for eligibility
- Test forms early download and save
- Answer as many questions (as completely) as possible
- Review evaluation criteria
- Provide best data available
 - ADT / Visitation data if available, if not make estimates/assumptions
 - ROW and utility information
 - Bridge and pavement reports, if available
- Provide Endorsement Form and letters of support from each FLMA or stakeholder(s)





Q&A

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